

Material Safety Data Sheet

Coolant Premix Redcool (RXSOL-27-4043-210)



1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name : Coolant Premix Redcool
Part Number : RXSOL-27-4043-210

Company Details:

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2. Composition / information on ingredients

Name of Substance	Cas Number	EINECS No	Wt. %	Symbol
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	-	50 - 75	-
Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate	19766-89-3	-	3	-
Disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	12179-04-3	-	1	-

3. Hazards Identification

Signal Word	Warning
Hazard Statements	H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidneys)
Precautionary statements - General	P103 - Read label before use. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Precautionary statements - prevention	P260 - Do not breathe vapour. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling
Precautionary statements - response	P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell. P301 + P312 + P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur
Inhalation:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur

Ingestion:	If ingested, call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Get medical attention urgently informing the doctor that a product containing ethylene glycol has been ingested and specific treatment may be required. Transport casualty together with the product container, its label, or the safety data sheet urgently to hospital. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Addition information	Ethylene Glycol: Gastric irrigation, ethanol or fomepizole may have value in treatment. Consult physician.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	In case of fire, use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.
Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:	Do not use water jet.
Special exposure hazards arising from the substance itself, combustion products, resulting gases:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition	metal oxide/oxides carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide).
Special precautions for firefighters	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.
Additional information:	Contaminated fire-fighting water must be collected separately.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling.
Emergency responders	Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental Precaution	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and Storage

Advice on safe handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Storage	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Not suitable	Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Engineering Control	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible. Eye protection : Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.
Personal Protection	Skin protection :Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Butyl gloves. Neoprene gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions. Other Skin protection :Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



Gloves



Suit

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form	Liquid
Colour	Light blue-green.
Odour	Not available.
Boiling point and boiling range	No Data Available
Flash Point	No data available
pH	7.5 to 9
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Vapor pressure	No data available
Relative vapor density	No data available
Density	1065 kg/m ³ (1.065 g/cm ³) at 15°C
Water solubility	Soluble

Solubility in other solvents	Miscible in water
Partition coefficient: octanol	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Thermal decomposition	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Molecular weight	No data available

10. Stability and reactivity

Recativity	No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.
Stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.
Hazardous Decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Condition to Avoid	Avoid excessive heat.

11. Toxicological information

Route of Exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.
General	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidney)
Potential acute health effects	Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure. Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Ethylene glycol: Ingestion of ethylene glycol can cause metabolic acidosis, kidney damage, central nervous system depression, and convulsions. The estimated human lethal dose is approximately 100 ml (3.4 ounces for an adult).
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical	Eye contact : No specific data. Inhalation : May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs. Skin contact: No specific data. Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting.
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short	Eye contact: Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs. inhalation : Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. skin contact: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Classification	No data available.

12. Ecological information

Environmental Effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Toxicity to fish	No data available
Toxicity to daphnia and others	No data available
Toxicity to algae	No data available
Biodegradability	No data available
Persistence and degradability	Expected to be biodegradable
Bioaccumulative potential	This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.
Mobility in soil	Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

13. Disposal considerations

Remarks No data available.

Waste
Disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Diluted fluid should not be discharged into sewage systems unless provided for by local regulations. Dispose under conditions approved by the local authority or via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

14. Transport information

Hazard Pictograms:

UN Number	Not regulated.
Proper shipping name	Not regulated.
Transport hazard class(es)	8
ADR/RID	-
Subsidiary risk IMDG	-
Subsidiary risk IATA	-
Packing group	
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	
Environmental hazards	No
Marine pollutant	No
ADR/RID	
Hazard ID	-
Tunnel Category	-
IMDG	
EmS Code	-
IATA	
Packing Instruction (Cargo)	-
Maximum quantity	-
Packing Instruction (Passenger)	-
Maximum quantity	-

15. Regulatory information

Regulations	No data available.
Chemical safety assessment	No data available.
Further information	No data available.

16. Other information

Other
Information

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